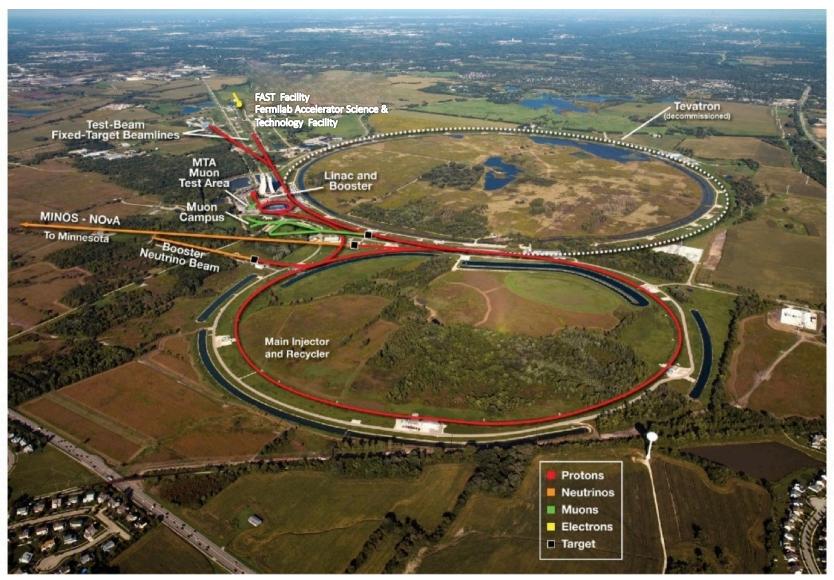
Fermilab **ENERGY** Office of Science



Mechanical Engineering of Accelerators

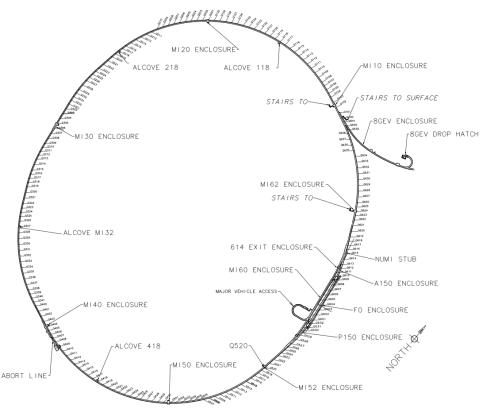
Linda Valerio Undergraduate Lecture Series 23 June 2016

Introductions – Fermilab accelerator complex

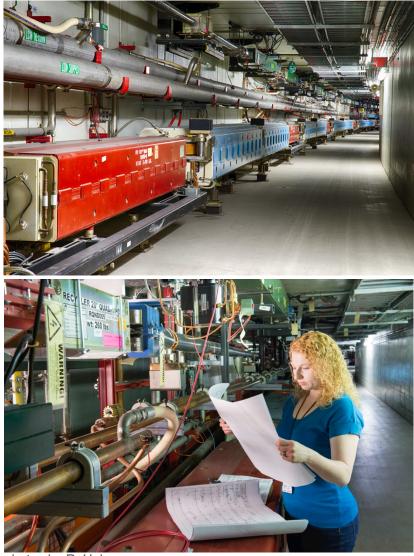




Introductions – Main Injector



1999 – construction complete
2011 – central machine (Tevatron retired)
2 miles in circumference
208 quadrupole magnets
344 dipole magnets



photos by R. Hahn



Examples of engineering in the MI enclosure

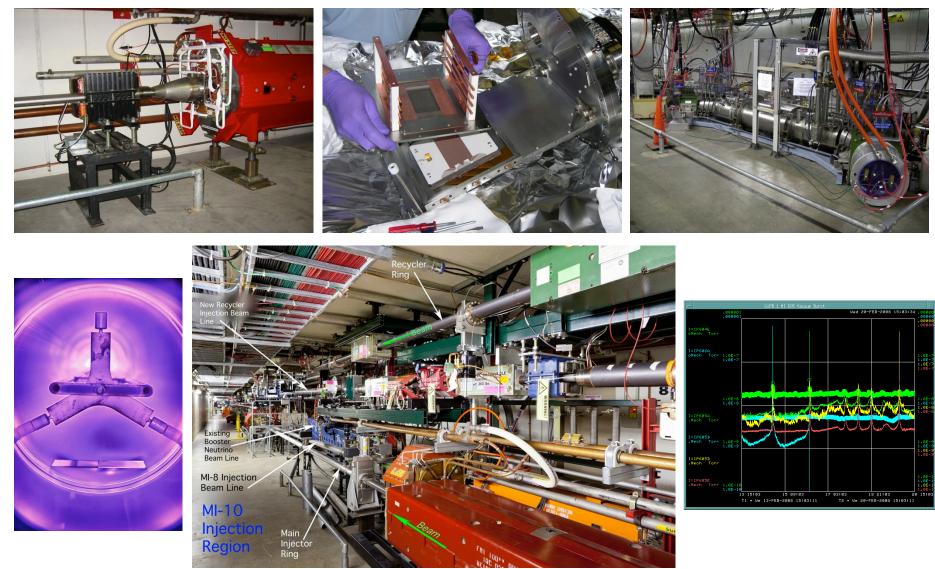
Civil Mechanical

Electrical



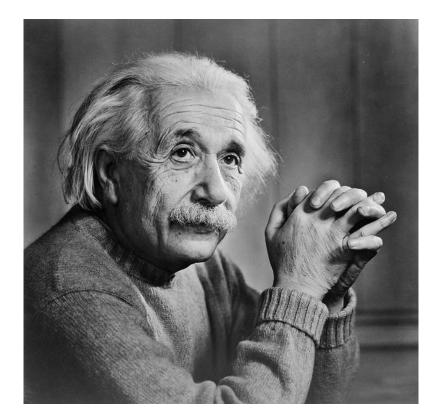


Accelerator engineering at Fermilab



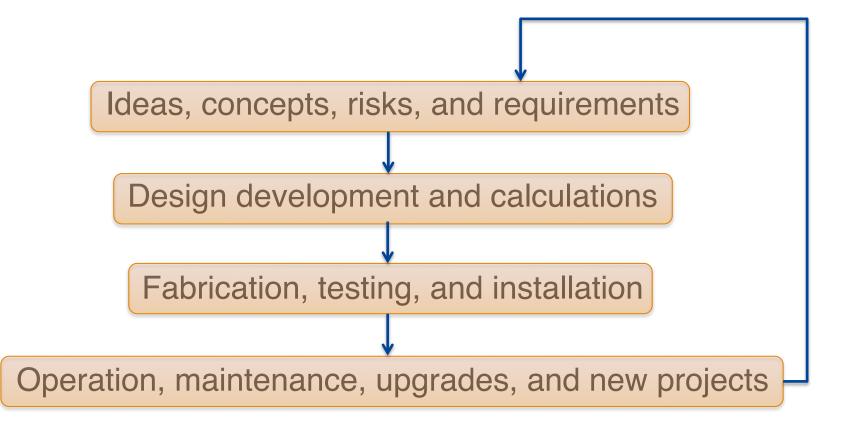
How is an engineer different from a scientist?

"Scientists investigate that which already is; Engineers create that which has never been." - Albert Einstein





Engineering process

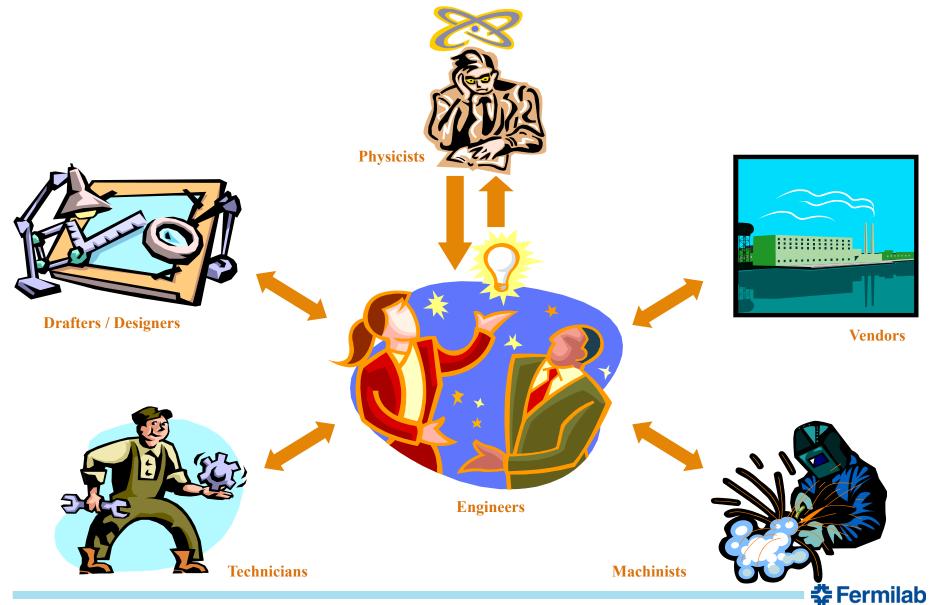


Further reference: Fermilab Engineering Manual available online

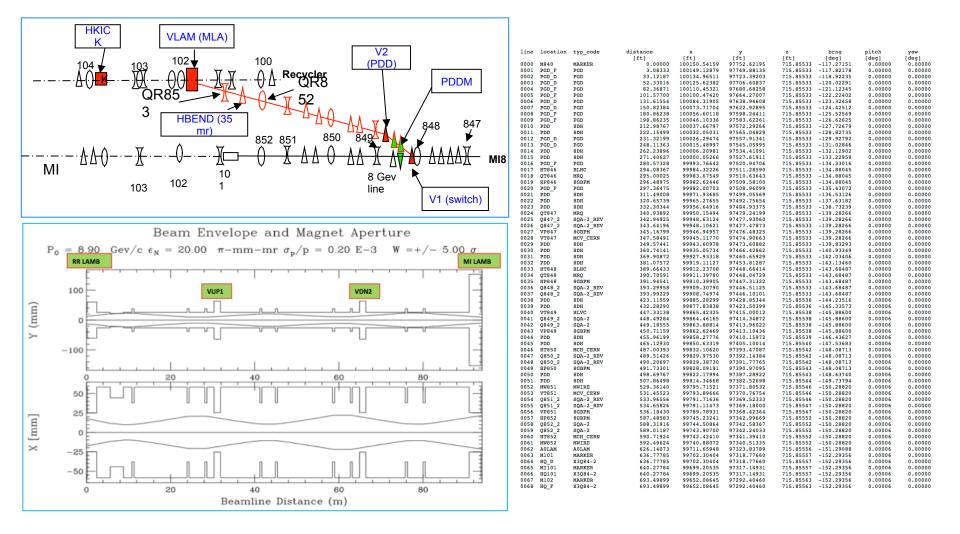
🔁 Fermilab

7 6/23/16 Linda Valerio I Mechanical Engineering of Accelerators

Typical communication cycle of a Fermilab engineer

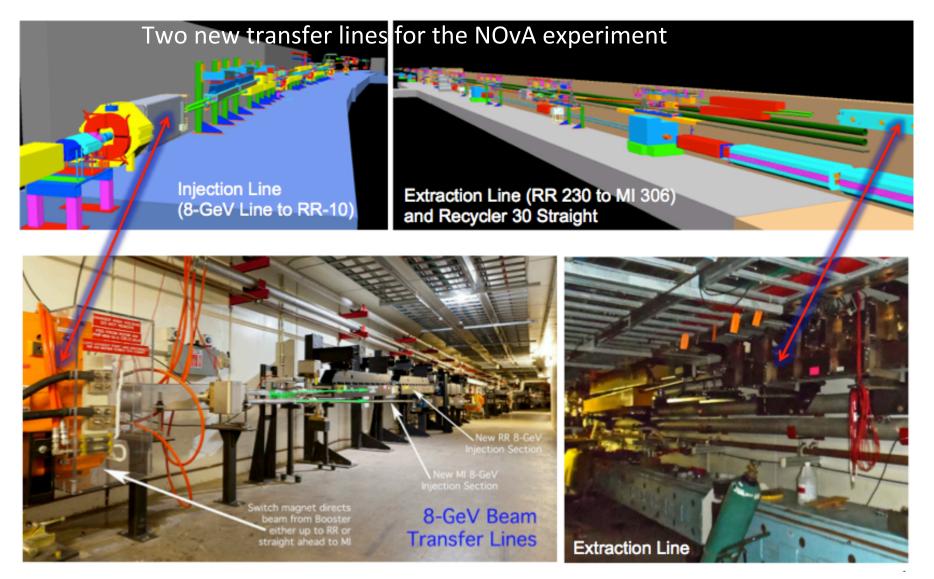


Example of physicists' specifications



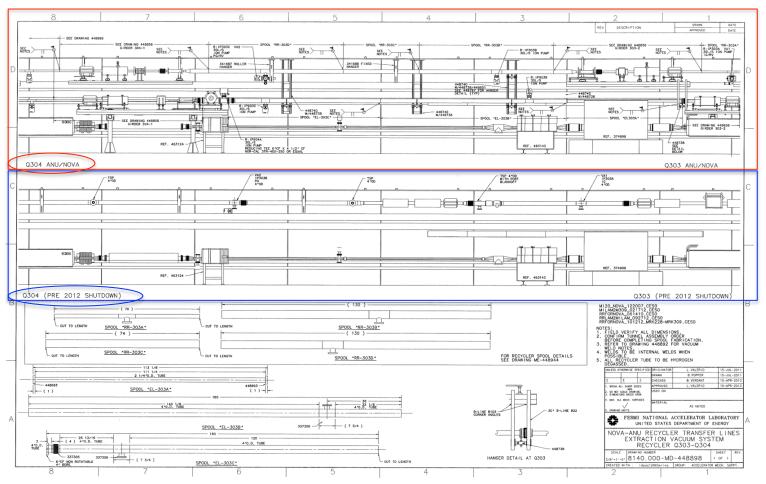
🛟 Fermilab

What specifications develop into...





Communicating ideas to build something real



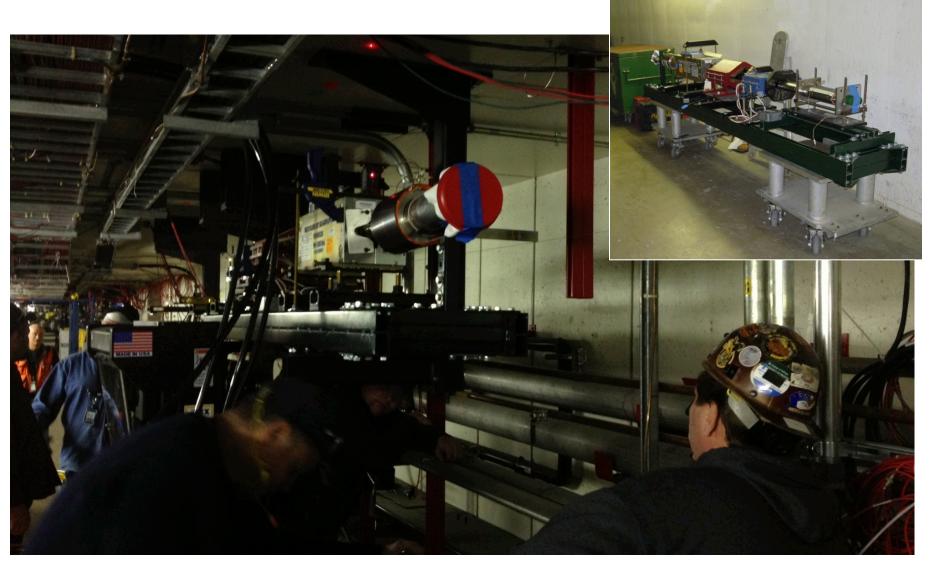
Sample of installation drawings for NOvA

29 before & after vacuum system drawings like this were created for three regions of the accelerator

🛟 Fermilab

- Magnet installation drawings were separate
- Hundreds of supporting (part) drawings

Efficient installation in radiation areas - NOvA





Example upgrade – wide aperture quadrupole magnet







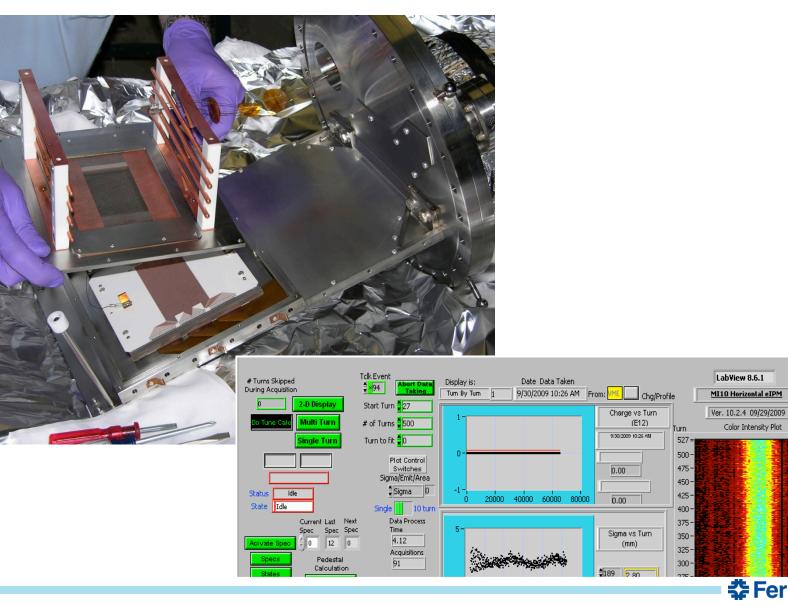


Example installation – ion profile monitor (IPM)





Inside an ion profile monitor (IPM)



Color Intensity Plot

-30

-26

-22

-19

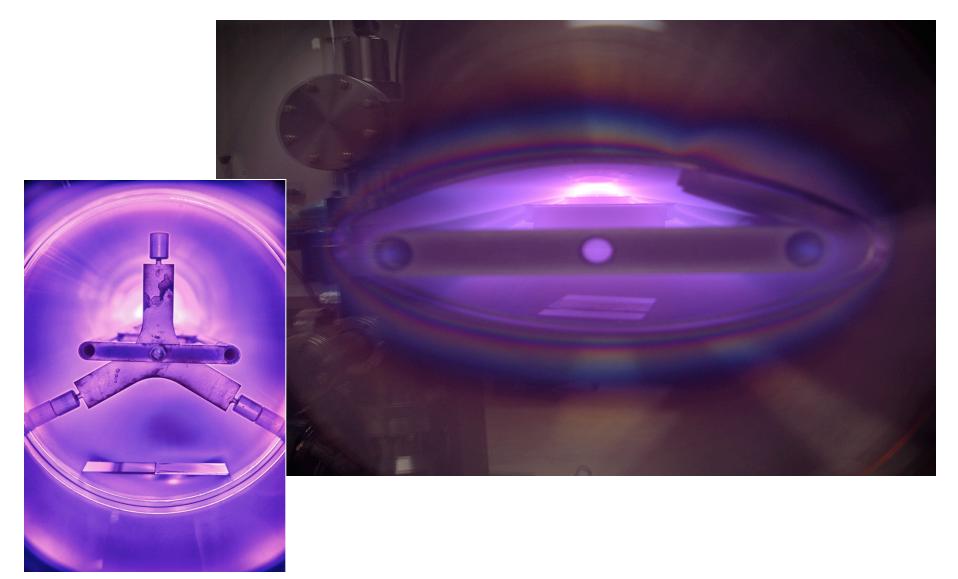
-15

-11

-8

‡ Fermilab

More small details – R&D titanium nitride coating



‡ Fermilab

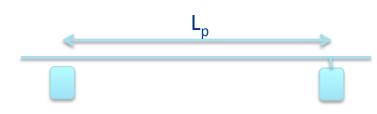
Introduction to vacuum system design

Factors that affect vacuum system design to reach specified pressure:

- Volume of system
- Materials (outgassing rates)
- Pump size and spacing

Some starting equations:

- Conductance to all volumes (to pumps, and avoiding virtual leaks)
- Cleanliness of everything within the system



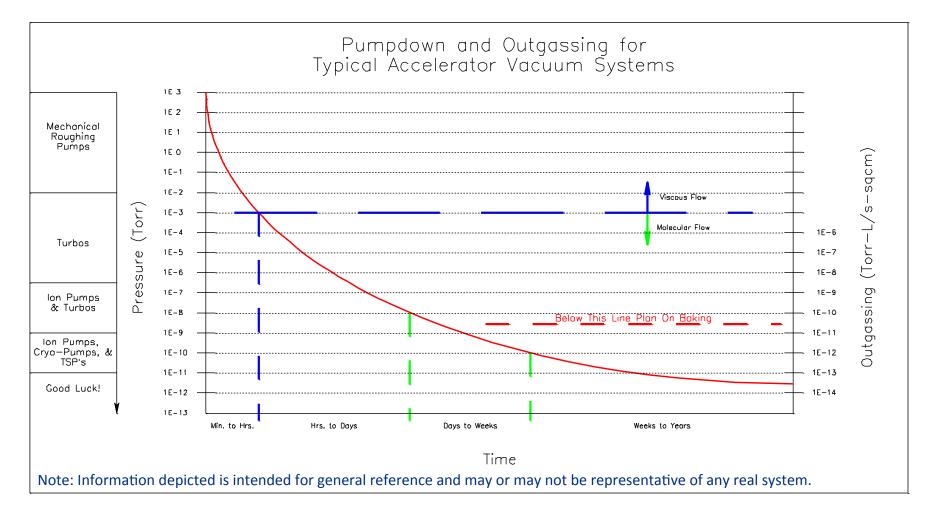
Q=SP Q=C Δ P P_p=q_D*B*L_p/S

PV=nRT

P=pressure V=volume n=number of moles R=universal gas constant T=temperature Q=gas flow S=pump speed C=conductance P_p=pressure at the pump q_D=specific outgassing rate B=inside tube perimeter L_p=pump spacing



Vacuum system basics

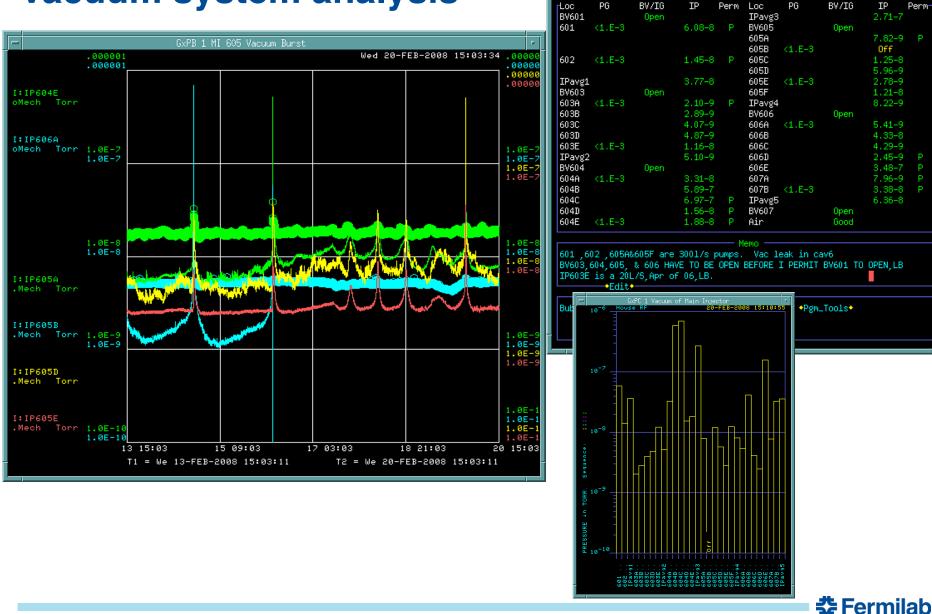


Graph from "Accelerator Vacuum 101" by T. Anderson, 2006.

辈 Fermilab



Vacuum system analysis



PC I55 MI VACUUM<NoSets) Main Injector + Vacuum

>+

Main Page

Page -< RF

•Torr 🔸 •Data

•GxPC1• • E-10• •Plot• •Update•

Pgm_Tools

Perm

Toggle

+Caution

IΡ

2.71-7

7.82-9

Off

1.25-8

5.96-9

2.78-9

1.21 - 8

8.22-9

5.41-9

4.33-8

4.29-9

2.45 - 9

3.48-7

7.96-9

3.38-8

6.36-8

Р

Beamline design

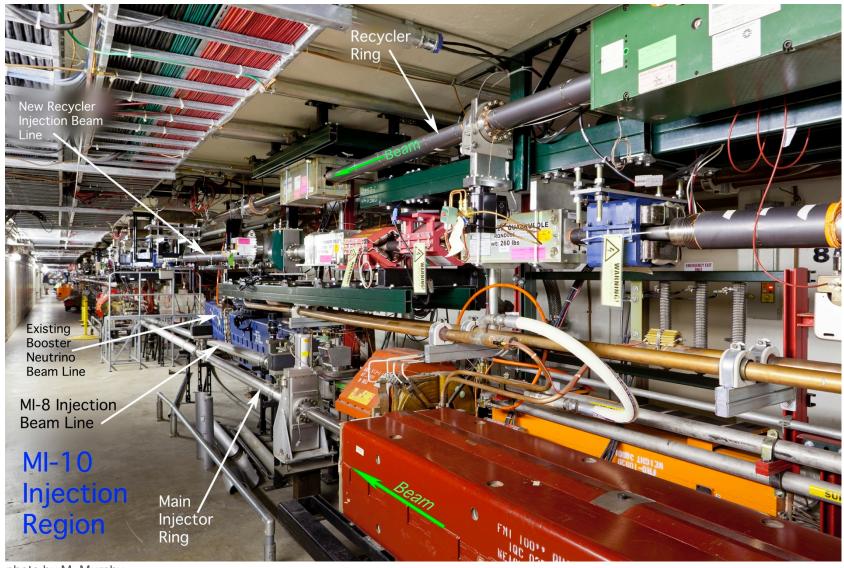
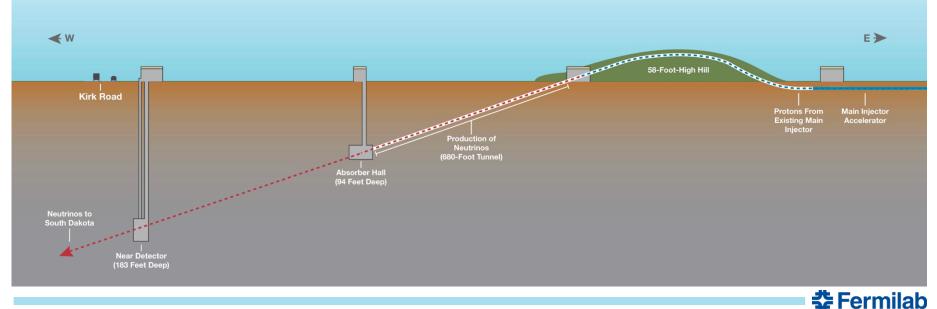


photo by M. Murphy



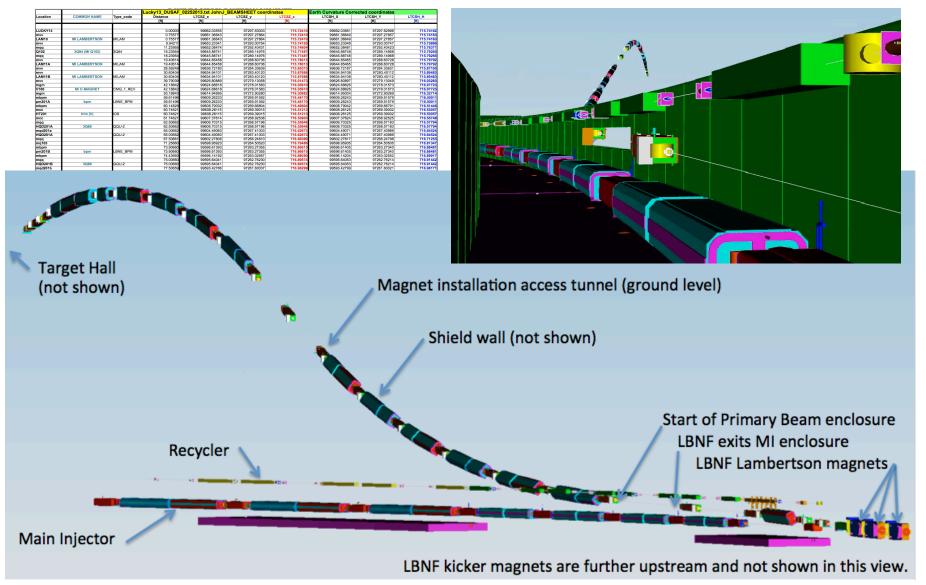
What's next? Designing a beamline for LBNF and DUNE





21 6/23/16 Linda Valerio I Mechanical Engineering of Accelerators

Early 3-D model of LBNF and Main Injector



Fermilab

The end. Same photo, different perspective?



photo by R. Hahn

